

PATENT SPECIFICATION

DRAWINGS ATTACHED

836,025



Date of Application and filing Complete

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No. 24747/56.

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COMPLETE SPECIFICATION

Power Band Saw with Improved Coolant Applicator

We, CONTINENTAL MACHINES, INC., a corporation duly organized under the laws of the State of Minnesota, United States of America, of Savage, State of Minnesota, 5 United States of America, hereby declare the invention for which we pray that a patent may be granted to us, and the method by which it is to be performed, to be particularly described in and by the following statement:—

This invention relates to power band saws of the type employed in cutoff saws such as that forming the subject matter of the co-pending application No. 24746/56, (Serial 15 No. 818,005), dated August 13, 1956, and refers more particularly to an improved coolant applicator for such power band saws by which liquid coolant is brought to the cutting zone.

20 Heretofore it has been customary to apply the coolant by means of a nozzle positioned to direct the stream or spray issuing therefrom either against the saw or into the kerf being cut thereby, but that manner of applying the coolant apparently did not bring enough coolant to the exact point of cutting action, and accordingly, the cooling was not as effective as it might be.

The present invention, therefore, has as 30 its purpose to provide a coolant applicator for machine tools of the power band saw type, which overcomes the aforesaid objection by so directing the coolant onto the saw band or blade as to assure an adequate supply of coolant being positively carried directly to the point of cutting action.

More specifically, it is an object of this invention to provide an improved coolant applicator for power band saws which is so 40 constructed that the saw band or blade actually travels through a bath of liquid coolant just before it reaches the cutting zone.

Still another object of this invention is to provide a liquid coolant applicator for power 45 band saws which will positively direct an

ample flow of coolant into the gullets of the saw as it enters the work zone.

With the above and other objects in view which will appear as the description proceeds, this invention resides in the novel construction, combination and arrangement of parts substantially as hereinafter described and more particularly defined by the appended claims, it being understood that such changes in the precise embodiment of the 55 herein disclosed invention may be made as come within the scope of the claims.

The accompanying drawing illustrates one complete example of the physical embodiments of the invention constructed according to the best mode so far devised for the practical application of the principles thereof, and in which:

Fig. 1 is a perspective view of a portion of a power band saw with the coolant applicator of this invention mounted thereon;

Fig. 2 is a front view of the applicator shown detached from the machine;

Fig. 3 is a side view of the lower portion 70 of the applicator; and

Fig. 4 is a longitudinal sectional view through the lower portion of the applicator and illustrating the manner in which the applicator accommodates the saw band.

Referring now particularly to the accompanying drawing, the numeral 5 designates the base or work support of a power band saw which for purposes of illustration, may be a band type cutoff saw used to cut bar stock 6 into predetermined lengths or slabs. 80 The aforesaid copending application No. 24746/56, (Serial No. 818,005), illustrates such a cutoff saw. The stock to be cut rests upon the base 5 and is held in position thereon by being clamped between vice jaws 7, at least one of which is movable toward the other. The saw band 8 is guided for endwise travel through the work zone by means of guides 9 and 9' suitably supported from an overhead carrier frame (not shown) 90

[Price]

and as is customary in endless band cutoff machines, the saw band is mounted upon spaced pulley wheels (not shown) at least one of which is driven to draw the band endwise 5 through the work zone.

The lower edge of the band of course, has cutting teeth 10, and if the heat developed during the cutting action is to be effectually carried off, it is important that this lower 10 toothed edge of the band be adequately cooled as it acts upon the work. This objective is admirably achieved by the coolant applicator of this invention and which is designated generally by the numeral 11. The 15 path of travel of the saw band is to the right as viewed in Fig. 1. Hence, the coolant applicator 11 is mounted between the saw guide 9 and the work zone, or in other words, upstream from the work zone. In 20 fact, the coolant applicator is mounted as at 12 upon the support 13, which carries the guide 9.

The applicator comprises a discharge nozzle having an inlet and spaced 25 apart legs which straddle the saw band and have discharge openings spacing inwardly and extending lengthwise of the legs for the full width of the saw band therebetween so that liquid coolant issuing from the discharge 30 openings bathes the saw band across its entire width as the band travels therebetween. More specifically, the applicator consists essentially of a tube 14 having a slit 15 extending longitudinally in from one end there- 35 of and disposed diametrically across the tube. The slotted end of the tube faces downwardly and the tube is so held by its mounting 12 that its slit 15 is in line with the path of travel of the saw band and has 40 the saw band received therein with the lower toothed edge 10 of the band upwardly of the lower end of the tube. It should be understood that the slit 15 is long enough to accommodate the full width of the band 45 and wide enough to accommodate its toothed edge.

The upper end 16 of the tube is formed to have a hose 17 applied thereto, which hose (as indicated in Fig. 1) leads from the 50 outlet of a liquid coolant pump or other source of liquid coolant under pressure.

The lower end of the tube is closed by a cap or cover 18 movable to and from its closed position and to this end, preferably 55 hinged to the tube as at 19. A torsion spring 20 yieldingly holds the cap or cover 18 in its closed position. Obviously, this manner of mounting the cap or cover enables saw bands to be inserted into the slit 60 15, as when replacing a broken band.

At its downstream side, the slit 15 is preferably increased in width near the bottom of the tube, as by notches 21 in the sides of the slit. These notches may be formed by 65 drilling holes into the tube at the appropriate

places.

In operation, liquid coolant under pressure is fed to the tube 14 at a rate to keep the same full so that the saw band travels through a bath of the coolant and carries 70 the coolant with it. It might be said that the saw band becomes plated or soaked with liquid coolant just before it enters the work zone, and this desirable result is further assured by the enlargements 21 in the down- 75 stream side of the slit. Most important, however, is the fact that the cap or cover directs the liquid coolant upwardly against the toothed edge of the saw band and thereby assures that the gullets of the saw are 80 filled with the coolant.

Tests have shown that the applicator of this invention increases the cutting life of a saw band as much as four times, compared to the old conventional method of directing 85 a stream of coolant against the work and saw by means of a nozzle. In the tests referred to, the band of a cutoff saw operating with a band speed of 250 feet per minute, and cutting a 6" diameter bar of 1020 CRS 90 and using a soluble type oil coolant, was able to cut as much as 20,000 square inches: whereas the same kind of band on the same machine but with a nozzle type applicator could be used to cut only 5,000 square 95 inches.

Another advantage of the applicator of this invention is that it makes possible the substitution of a cheaper soluble oil for the more expensive cutting oil, which heretofore 100 had to be used, without reducing the cutting rates. This has been especially true when cutting ordinary cold rolled steels. Measurements have also indicated that with the applicator of this invention, an increase of 15% to 105 20% in the fatigue life of a saw band is attained. This results from the fact that the band is better lubricated as it passes through its guides due to the great amount of coolant carried around on the band. 110

Again, because the coolant is so effectively introduced into the work piece, less heating occurs from the cutting action. This naturally means more power available for useful work. 115

And, finally, tests have demonstrated that the applicator of this invention is especially advantageous in cutting the harder alloys when cutting oil must be used as the coolant. Heretofore, under such conditions, and when 120 using the conventional nozzle form of coolant application, the amount of smoke generated was so great that some type of forced exhaust ventilation had to be provided. With the applicator of this invention, however, 125 and under exactly the same conditions, the amount of smoke generated is not enough to be objectionable in normal factory installations. Not only does this obviate the need for exhaust fans, but what is perhaps 130

more important, it indicates that the applicator of this invention more effectually brings the coolant to the actual point of cutting action, since the reduction in smoke means that 5 less heat is being generated and this, in turn, results in greater tool life and better surface finish.

WHAT WE CLAIM IS:—

1. A power band saw with improved coolant applicator for supplying liquid coolant under pressure to a longitudinally movable saw band, wherein said applicator is disposed adjacent to the point where said saw band enters a work piece, said applicator 15 having spaced discharge branches extending transversely of the saw band, one on each side thereof and the outlets from said branches facing the saw band in close proximity thereto and encompassing the entire 20 width of said saw band.

2. A power band saw as claimed in Claim 1, wherein said branches comprise the portions of a tubular member at both sides of a centrally disposed longitudinal slot through an end portion of said tubular member. 25

3. A power band saw as claimed in Claim 2, including a removable closure member for said end portion of the tubular member.

4. A power band saw as claimed in Claim 2 or 3, wherein said slot has enlarged portions in the wall of the tubular member facing the work piece. 30

5. A power band saw, substantially as described with reference to the accompanying drawings. 35

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836,025 COMPLETE SPECIFICATION

1 SHEET

This drawing is a reproduction of
the Original on a reduced scale.

Fig. 1.

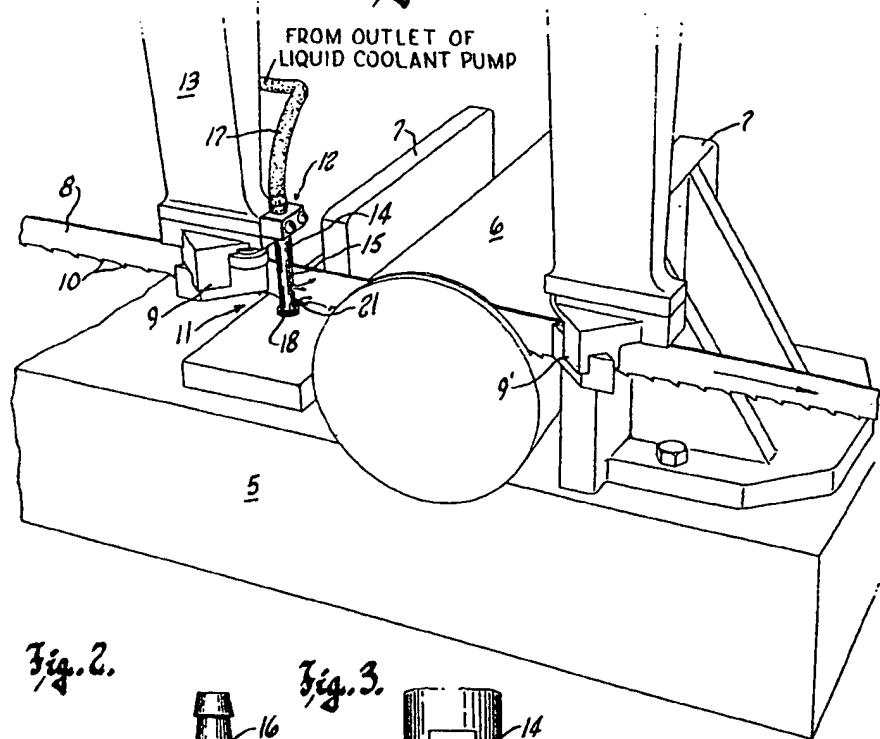


Fig. 2.

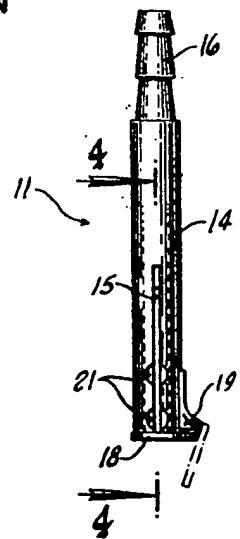


Fig. 3.

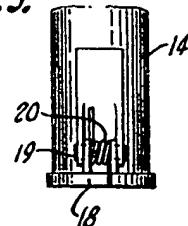


Fig. 4.

